| | | 1MA1 Pra | ctice papers Set 4: Pap | oer 3H (Re | egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0 |
|-----|--|--|-------------------------|------------|---|
| Que | | | Mark | Notes | |
| 1. | | | 50 | 3 | M1 for $625 \div 250$ (= 2.5) or $360 \div 120$ (= 3) or $1000 \div 300$ (= $3\frac{1}{3}$) M1 for correct method to calculate the number of cookies for one ingredient, e.g. $625 \div 250$ or 2.5 oe and $20 \times \text{``2.5''}$ A1 cao |
| 2. | | $0.65 \times 80 = 52$ $\frac{5}{8} \times 80 = 50$ $52 - 50$ | 2 | 4 | M1 for method to calculate the time Celina sings M1 for method to calculate the time Zoe sings M1(dep on at least M1) for finding the difference between two times A1 cao |
| 3. | | | 80 | 4 | B1 for $EBF = 50$ or $ABE = 50$ M1 for angles given that can lead to $x = 80$ as the next step e.g. $EBF = 50$ and $ABE = 50$ e.g. $EBF = 50$ and $BFG = 100$ e.g. $EBF = 50$ and $BFE = 80$ e.g. $EBF = 50$ and $DEB = 130$ and $ABE = 50$ A1 cao C1 for stating correct reasons appropriate to their method shown |

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| Que | stion | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes | | | | |
| 4. | (a) | | $c^{-8}k^{-20}$ | 1 | B1 | | | | |
| | (b) | $12x^2 - 3x + 20x - 5$ | $12x^2 + 17x - 5$ | 2 | B2 for fully correct | | | | |
| | | | | | (B1 for 3 out of 4 terms correct in working including signs OR 4 terms correct, ignore signs. In a grid the 20x need not be signed) | | | | |
| | (c) | (x-5)(x+2)=0 | 5 and -2 | 3 | M1 for $(x \pm 5)(x \pm 2)$ | | | | |
| | | | | | A1 for $(x-5)(x+2) (=0)$ | | | | |
| | | | | | B1 ft (dep on M1) for $x = 5$ and -2 | | | | |
| 5. | | | 508 | 5 | M1 for correct use of Pythagoras theorem, | | | | |
| | | | | | e.g. $12^2 + x^2 = 16^2$ or $16^2 - 12^2$ | | | | |
| | | | | | M1 for $\sqrt{16^2 - 12^2}$ (= 10.583) | | | | |
| | | | | | M1 for area = $\frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times \sqrt{16^2 - 12^2}$ (= 63.498) | | | | |
| | | | | | M1 for volume = $8 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 12 \times \sqrt{16^2 - 12^2}$ or $8 \times \text{``63.498''}$ | | | | |
| | | | | | A1 for answer in range 507.8 to 508 | | | | |

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| 6. | | $3p^2 = y + 4$ $p^2 = \frac{y + 4}{3}$ | $p = \sqrt{\frac{y+4}{3}}$ | 3 | M1 for clear intention to add 4 to both sides or divide all terms by 3(with at least 3 terms) M1 for clear intention to find the square root from $p^2 = (\text{expression in } y)$ A1 for $p = \sqrt{\frac{y+4}{3}}$ (oe) (accept \pm a correct root) | | | | |
| 7. | | | 68 | 3 | M1 for 30 × 60 (= 1800) or 20 × 56 (= 1120) M1 for ("1800" – "1120") ÷ 10 A1 cao | | | | |
| 8. | (i) | 160 - 90 = 70; $180 - 90 - 70$ or $180 - 160$ | 20 | 3 | M1 for 180 – 90 – (160 – 90) or 180 – 90 – 70 or 180 – 160 (oe) A1 cao | | | | |
| | (ii) | | Geometric reasoning | | B1 for <u>angles</u> in a <u>triangle</u> add up to <u>180°</u> or <u>alternate</u> <u>angles</u> are equal | | | | |

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| 9. | (a) (b) | 0.2 × 0.3 | 0.8 on 1 st branch 0.3 and 0.05 on 2 nd branches 0.06 | 2 | B1 0.8 oe on 1st branch B1 0.3 and 0.05 (oe) on 2nd branches M1 0.2 ×'0.3' A1 0.06 ft from '0.3' in the tree diagram |
| 10. | | $425 \div 17 = 25$ Flour: $8 \times 25 = 200g$ Butter: $4 \times 25 = 100g$ Jam: $5 \times 25 = 125g$ Total weight for 200 rolls: $= \text{total grams} \times 200 \div 1000$ Flour: $200 \times 0.2 = 40 \text{ kg}$ Butter: $100 \times 0.2 = 20 \text{ kg}$ Jam: $125 \times 0.2 = 25 \text{ kg}$ Total cost $= 40 \times 40p$ $+ 20 \times £2.50 + 25 \times £1$ $= £16 + £50 + £25$ | 91 | 6 | M1 for 425 ÷ '8+4+5' or 25 seen M1 for two of 8 × 25 (=200,) 4 × 25 (=100), 5 × 25 (=125) M1 for two of '200' × 200 (= 40 000), '100' × 200 (= 20 000) '125' × 200 (= 25 000) M1 for converting g to kg (at least two ingredients) (= 40, 20, 25) M1 for '40' × 40p + '20' × £2.50 + '25' × £1 (= £16 + £50 + £25) A1 for 91 or 91.00 |

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| 11. | (a) | 100 – 67 | 33 | 2 | M1 for use of graph at 50 years or sight of 66, 67, 68 A1 for 32,33,34 |
| | (b) | Median = $44 - 44.5$ LQ = 32 - 33, $UQ= 51.5 - 52$ | Box plot drawn | 4 | B4 for fully correct box plot (B3 for 4 correct values plotted including box and tails) |
| | | | | | (B2 for 3 correct values plotted including box and tails or 5 correct values plotted and no box and tails) |
| | | | | | (B1 for 2 correct values plotted including box and tails or for a correct median or quartile) |
| | (c) | | comparison | 2 | B2(ft) for at least two of: |
| | | | | | Comparison of a measure of location, e.g. median age of male teachers is less than median age of female teachers |
| | | | | | Comparison of spread, e.g. IQR for male teachers is greater than IQR for female teachers or the ranges are the same |
| | | | | | Comparison of skewness, e.g. the age distribution of female teachers is more negatively skewed than the age distribution of male teachers |
| | | | | | (B1 ft for one of them) |

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| 12. | | $\frac{100}{360} \times \pi \times 6.8 \times 2$ 25.5 | | 3 | M1 for $\frac{100}{360} \times \pi \times 6.8 \times 2$ (=11.86) |
| | | | MI | | M1 for "11.86" + 2 × 6.8 (oe) |
| | | | | | A1 for answer in the range 25.4 – 25.6 |
| 13. | (a) | | 11 | 1 | B1 |
| | (b) | y = 2x + 5 $x = 2y + 5y - 5 = 2x$ $x - 5 = 2y$ | | 2 | M1 for a correct first stage – subtract 5 from both sides or divide all terms by 2 |
| | | | $\frac{x-5}{2}$ | | A1 for $\frac{x-5}{2}$ (oe) |
| | (c) | | -16 | 1 | B1 cao |
| | (d)(i) | $(2x+5)^2-25$ | | 5 | M1 |
| | | $4x^2 + 10x + 10x + 25$ oe | | | B1 for correct expansion of $(2x + 5)^2$ |
| | | | $4x^2 + 20x$ | | A1 for a correct fully or partially factorised expression |
| | (d) (ii) | 4x(x+5) (=0) | $x = 0, \ x = -5$ | | M1 for, e.g., $\frac{-20 \pm \sqrt{20^2 - 4 \times 4 \times 0}}{2 \times 4}$ |
| | (11) | or $x(4x + 20) (=0)$ | | | 2×4 |
| | | or $2x(2x+10)$ (=0) | | | |
| | | or $x(x+5) (=0)$ | | | A1 for both solutions |

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| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 14. | d: UB = 54.5 (or 54.499), LB = 53.5 C: UB = 170.5 (or 170.499), LB = 169.5 170.5 ÷ 53.5 169.5 ÷ 54.5 | 3.19 3.11 | 4 | B1 for any one correct bound quoted M1 for 170.5 ÷ 53.5 or 169.5 ÷ 54.5 A1 for UB = answer in range 3.18 to 3.19 from correct working A1 for LB = 3.11 from correct working |
| 15. | $\frac{3(x+1)}{6} + \frac{2(x+3)}{6} = \frac{3x+3+2x+6}{6}$ | $\frac{5x+9}{6}$ | 3 | M1 Use of common denominator of 6 (or any other multiple of 6) and at least one numerator correct, e.g. $\frac{3(x+1)}{6}$ or $\frac{2(x+3)}{6}$ M1 $\frac{3(x+1)}{6} + \frac{2(x+3)}{6}$ (oe) A1 cao |
| 16. | | | 4 | M1 for angle MXY = angle NYX Reason = 'base angles of an isosceles triangle are equal' (oe) M1 for MX = NY Reason = 'M and N divide the equal sides XZ and YZ in equal parts' (oe) C1 for either reason quoted above or 'XY is common' C1 for All reasons correct and SAS seen |

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| 17. | $x + 1 : 3 : x - 1$ $(\cdot 10)$ $10x + 10 : 30 : 10x - 10$ $10x + 10 + 30 + 10x - 10$ $= 60$ $20x = 30$ $x = 1.5$ | 1.5 | 5 | M2 for $10 \cdot (x+1)$ and $10 \cdot (x-1)$ (M1 for $x+1+3+x-1$ or $2x+3$ oe or $x+1+x-1=30$ or $x=15$) M1 for ' $10x+10'+30+'10x-10'=60$ or ' $10x+10'+'10x-10'=30$ oe M1 for an attempt to reduce the form $ax=b$ (condone one error) A1 cao |
| 18. | $4n^{2} + 12n + 3^{2} - (4n^{2} - 12n + 3^{2})$ $= 4n^{2} + 12n + 9 - 4n^{2} + 12n - 9$ $= 24n$ $= 8 \times 3n$ | Proof | 3 | M1 for 3 out of 4 terms correct in expansion of either $(2n + 3)^2$ or $(2n - 3)^2$ A1 for 24n from correct expansion of both brackets A1 (dep on A1) for 24n is a multiple of 8 or $24n = 8 \times 3n$ or $24n \div 8 = 3n$ |

National performance data from Results Plus

| | Original | source | of question | ıs | | | Mean score of students achieving grade: | | | | | | |
|----|----------|--------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------|-------|---|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | | Session | | | Max | | | | _ | | _ | |
| Qn | Spec | Paper | YYMM | Qn | Topic | score | ALL | A * | Α | В | С | D | Е |
| 1 | 2MB01 | 2H | 1411 | Q03 | Ratio | 3 | 2.10 | 2.50 | 2.33 | 2.35 | 2.21 | 1.50 | 1.00 |
| 2 | 1MA0 | 2H | 1511 | Q05 | Fractions, percentages and decimals | 4 | 2.40 | 3.92 | 3.78 | 3.54 | 2.97 | 2.14 | 0.97 |
| 3 | 2MB01 | 2H | 1406 | Q07 | Angles and parallel lines | 4 | 2.25 | 3.45 | 3.10 | 2.70 | 1.96 | 1.08 | 0.52 |
| 4 | 1380 | 2H | 1106 | Q18 | Solve quadratic equations | 6 | 2.66 | 5.75 | 4.51 | 2.55 | 1.11 | 0.35 | 0.10 |
| 5 | 5AM2 | 2H | 1506 | Q13 | Pythagoras in 2D | 5 | 2.61 | 4.72 | 3.88 | 2.52 | 1.11 | 0.28 | 0.08 |
| 6 | 1MA0 | 2H | 1306 | Q18 | Rearranging equations | 3 | 1.01 | 2.73 | 2.28 | 1.43 | 0.44 | 0.07 | 0.01 |
| 7 | 2MB01 | 1H | 1406 | Q11 | Mean, median, mode | 3 | 1.21 | 2.88 | 2.39 | 1.68 | 0.76 | 0.22 | 0.06 |
| 8 | 5AM2 | 2F | 1206 | Q13 | Angles | 3 | 1.39 | | | | 2.12 | 1.40 | 0.91 |
| 9 | 5AM2 | 2F | 1106 | Q20 | Probability tree diagrams | 4 | 0.59 | | | | 1.00 | 1.22 | 0.50 |
| 10 | 5AM2 | 2H | 1211 | Q12 | Ratio | 6 | 3.10 | 5.55 | 4.34 | 3.38 | 2.40 | 1.87 | 0.43 |
| 11 | 5AM1 | 1H | 1111 | Q17 | Cumulative frequency diagrams | 8 | 4.59 | 7.33 | 6.15 | 4.50 | 2.95 | 1.85 | 0.00 |
| 12 | 5MM2 | 2H | 1106 | Q22 | Area of a circle | 3 | 0.82 | 2.59 | 2.00 | 0.81 | 0.13 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| 13 | 4MA0 | 1H | 1401 | Q20 | Functions | 9 | 4.76 | 7.89 | 5.68 | 3.42 | 1.41 | 0.47 | 0.25 |
| 14 | 1MA0 | 2H | 1306 | Q23 | Bounds | 4 | 0.83 | 3.66 | 2.49 | 0.85 | 0.13 | 0.01 | 0.00 |
| 15 | 1MA0 | 2H | 1211 | Q20 | Simplify algebraic expressions | 3 | 0.49 | 2.36 | 1.79 | 0.84 | 0.19 | 0.03 | 0.00 |
| 16 | 5MM2 | 2H | 1506 | Q23 | Congruence and similarity | 4 | 1.09 | 2.86 | 1.80 | 0.61 | 0.15 | 0.03 | 0.10 |
| 17 | 5MM2 | 2H | 1111 | Q16 | Ratio | 5 | 1.14 | 3.17 | 2.11 | 1.01 | 0.34 | 0.25 | 0.00 |
| 18 | 1MA0 | 2H | 1206 | Q21 | Algebraic proof | 3 | 0.29 | 1.78 | 0.49 | 0.14 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| | | | | _ | | 80 | | | | | | | |