	1MA1 Pr	actice papers Set 6: Pap	oer 2H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Questio	n Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	$2x + 2(x + 9) < 200$ $2x + 2x + 18 < 200$ $4x + 18 < 200$ $4x < 182$ $x < 45.5$ <b>OR</b> $200 \div 4 = 50$ $9 + 9 \div 4 = 4.5$ $50 - 4.5 = 45.5$ <b>OR</b> $200 - 18 = 182$ $182 \div 4 = 45.5$	45	4	B1 for $x + 9$ oe seen (it could just be on a diagram) or any rectangle with length 9 cm greater than width  M1 for $2x + 2(x + 9)$ oe  A1 for $45.5$ B1 for answer of $45$ OR  M1 for $200 \div 4$ (=50)  M1 for $(9 + 9) \div 4$ (=4.5)  A1 for $45.5$ B1 for answer of $45$
2	$16 \times 7 = 112$ 112 - 87	25	2	M1 for 6 × 14.5 (= 87) or 7 × 16 (=112) or 6 × 1.5 (= 9) or 7 × 1.5 (= 10.5) A1 for 25
3		A and 3 B and 2 C and 4 D and 1	2	B2 for all 4 correct  (B1 for 2 correct)

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4	(a)		7.5	3	M1 for $4.5^2 + 6^2$ (=5 6.25)
					M1 for $\sqrt{56.25}$ or $\sqrt{(4.5^2 + 6^2)}$
					A1 for 7.5
	(b)		217	4	M1 for use of appropriate trig ratio eg tan $CAB = \frac{4.5}{6}$ (= 0.75),
					$\sin CAB = \frac{4.5}{"7.5"} (= 0.6), \cos CAB = \frac{6}{"7.5"} (= 0.8)$
					M1 for inverse trig shown correctly
					e.g. $CAB = \tan^{-1} \frac{4.5}{6} (= 0.75),$
					$CAB = \sin^{-1} \frac{4.5}{"7.5"} (= 0.6), CAB = \cos^{-1} \frac{6}{"7.5"} (= 0.8)$
					A1 for 36.8 to 37 (or 53 to 53.2 if identified as <i>ACB</i> )
					B1ft for bearing 180 + "36.8" if "36.8" is not 40–50
5			$9x^2 + 7x - 2$	4	M1 for finding an expression for a missing length eg $4x - 1 - x - x$ (=2x - 1) or $x + 2 - 2x$ (= 2 - x)
					M1 for a correct expression for one area from the cross-section, eg. $x \times 2x$ or $(4x - 1)(x + 2 - 2x)$ or for one volume of cuboid(s), eg. $x \times 2x \times (x + 1)$
					M1 for a complete method to find the volume
					A1 for $9x^2 + 7x - 2$ or $(9x - 2)(x + 1)$ oe

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Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes					
6			8	4	M1 for $(2\sqrt{10})^2 - 2^2$ (= 36) A1 for $(CD =) 6$ M1 (dep on M1) for '6' × 4 - $\frac{1}{2}$ × '6' × 2 - $\frac{1}{2}$ × 2 × 2 - $\frac{1}{2}$ × ('6' - 2) × 4 C1 for area of 8 from fully correct working					
7			17.7(014)	3	B1 for 7.75 or 7.85 or 5.15 or 5.25 or 62.5 or 63.5  M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 7.75 \times 5.15 \times \sin 62.5$ A1 for 17.7(0140994)					
8	(a)		Negative	1	B1 cao					
	(b)		117–123	2	M1 for a line of best fit drawn between (9, 130) & (9, 140) and between (13, 100) & (13,110) inc  A1 for 117 – 123 inclusive					

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9		4x + 3y = 695 $5x + 2y = 720$	Coffee £1.1(0) Tea 85p	5	M1 for attempt to use variables for cost of cup of tea and cost of a cup of coffee.
					A1 for correct equations : $4x + 3y = 695$ and $5x + 2y = 720$ oe
		8x + 6y = 1390 $15x + 6y = 2160$			M1 for correct process to eliminate either <i>x</i> or <i>y</i> (condone one arithmetic error) could be by multiplication of both equations and then addition/subtraction <b>or</b> by manipulation of one equation and then substitution into second equation
		7x = 770			M1 (dep) for substituting found value into either equation
		x = 110			A1 for correct answers with units
		y = 85			
10		$2 = k^{-1}$	1/2	2	M1 for reading off and substituting a pair of values from the graph (excluding 0, 1) into the equation, eg $x = -1$ , $y = 2$
					A1 for ½ oe

Mark   Notes   Mark   Notes		1MA1 Pra	ctice papers Set 6: Pap	er 2H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
l gal costs 20.88÷6=\$3.48  1 litre costs \$3.48÷3.79 = \$0.918  I litre costs 0.918× 0.77 Euros = 0.707. Euros  Russia  1 litre costs 800 ÷25.58 = 31.27 Roubles  1 litre costs 31.27÷40.63 Euros = 0.769. Euros  based on correct calculations  M1 for a conversion, roubles to US Dollars to roubles or convert both to Euros  M1 for a conversion to common units and common currency and for the same unit  C1 (dep on at least M1) for correct conclusion ft candidate's figures.	Question				
Or 25.58 litres = 25.58 ÷ 3.79 = 6.749 US gallons 800 roubles =  M1 1 litre costs 3.48 ÷3.79× 0.77 (=0.707)  M1 1 litre in Russia costs 800 ÷25.58 ÷40.63 (=0.769)  A1 for 0.707 and 0.769		US 1 gal costs 20.88÷6=\$3.48 1 litre costs \$3.48÷3.79 = \$0.918 I litre costs 0.918× 0.77 Euros = 0.707Euros  Russia 1 litre costs 800 ÷25.58 = 31.27 Roubles 1 litre costs 31.27÷40.63 Euros = 0.769 Euros  Or 25.58 litres = 25.58 ÷ 3.79 = 6.749 US gallons 800 roubles = (800÷40.63)÷0.77 = \$25.571  Cost in \$ of 1 US gallon in Russia is 25.571÷6.749 = \$3.788  Cost in \$ of 1 US gallon in	Correct conclusion based on correct		M1 for a conversion, gallons to litres or litres to gallons M1 for a conversion, roubles to US Dollars or US Dollars to roubles or convert both to Euros M1 for a conversion to common units and common currency A1 for two correct answers in the same currency and for the same unit C1 (dep on at least M1) for correct conclusion ft candidate's figures.  eg M1 1 US gal costs 20.88÷6 (=3.48) M1 1 litre costs 3.48 ÷3.79× 0.77 (=0.707) M1 1 litre in Russia costs 800 ÷25.58 ÷40.63 (=0.769) A1 for 0.707 and 0.769 C1 (dep on at least M1) for correct conclusion ft candidate's

		1MA1 Prac	ctice papers Set 6: Pap	per 2H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
		Cost per litre for US petrol \$0.918 or €0.707 or 28.7 rub  Cost per gallon for US petrol \$3.48 or €2.68 or 109 rub  Cost per litre for Russian petrol  31.27 rub or €0.770 or \$1  Cost per gallon for Russian petrol  118 rub or €2.92 or \$3.79	AMSWCI		
12	(a) (b)		0.3 0.3, 0.7, 0.3 0.42	3	B1 for 0.3 as first spin oe B1 for 0.3, 0.7, 0.3 in correct positions for second spin oe M1 for '0.3' × '0.7' or 0.7 × '0.3' (=0.21) M1 for '0.3' × '0.7 + 0.7 × '0.3 (OR M2 for $1 - 0.7^2 - 0.3^2$ ) A1 for 0.42 oe

0 4		^	` `	Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0				
Question 13	Working $(A =) 0.5 \cdot (4 + k) \cdot \sqrt{3}$	Answer $(k=) 10\sqrt{2-4}$	Mark 3	Notes $M1 \ 4\sqrt{3} + 0.5(k-4) \times \sqrt{3} \text{ oe}$				
13		$(k-) 10 \sqrt{2} - 4$						
	$(=5\sqrt{6})$ oe			M1 correctly isolating $k$				
	$k+4=(10\sqrt{6})/\sqrt{3}$			A1 Accept $2(5\sqrt{2}-2)$ but don't accept $10\sqrt{2}-4$				
	$(k=) 2 \times (5\sqrt{6})/\sqrt{3} - 4$			followed by $5\sqrt{2} - 2$				
	or $(k =) (5\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3})/(0.5\sqrt{3})$							
14	oe	14.4	3	M1 for $\pi \times 6.5^2 \times 11.5$ (= 1526.42)				
				M1 (dep) for $\frac{1526.42}{\pi \times 5.8^2}$				
				A1 for 14.4 - 14.5				
				OR				
				M1 for $\frac{5.8}{6.5}$ or $\frac{6.5}{5.8}$ or $0.89(23)$ or $1.12(06896)$				
				M1 for 11.5 $\left  \left( \frac{5.8}{6.5} \right)^2 \right $ or 11.5 $\left  \left( \frac{6.5}{5.8} \right)^2 \right $				
				A1 for 14.4 – 14.5				

	1MA1 Practice papers Set 6: Paper 2H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0								
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes					
15	$(n^2 + 4n + 4) - (n^2 + 2n + 1)$	Proof	4	M1 for correct method to expand $(n + 2)^2$ or $(n + 1)^2$					
	2n+3			M1 for correct simplification of numerator					
	$\frac{2n^2 + 3n}{2n + 3}$			M1 for factorisation of $2n^2 + 3n$ or for clearing the fractions on both sides correctly					
	$\overline{n(2n+3)}$			C1 for complete and correct proof					
				OR					
				M1 for $\{(n+2)-(n+1)\}\{(n+2)+(n+1)\}$					
				M1 for $1 \times (2n+3)$					
				M1 for factorisation of $2n^2 + 3n$ or for clearing the fractions on both sides correctly					
				C1 for complete and correct proof					
				OR					
				M1 for $n\{(n+2)^2 - (n+1)^2\} = (2n^2 + 3n) \times 1$					
				M1 for $n(n+2)^2 - n(n+1)^2$ or for correct expansion of					
				$(n+2)^2 - (n+1)^2$					
				M1 for correct expansion of					
				$n\{(n+2)^2-(n+1)^2\}$					
				C1 for complete and correct proof (must include statement recognising the equality of LHS and RHS)					

		1MA1 Pra	ctice papers Set 6: Pap	er 2H (R	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
16		p(r-3) = 2r+5	3p+5	4	M1 for multiplying both sides by $r-3$
		pr - 3p = 2r + 5	p-2		eg $p(r-3)$ or $pr-3p$ or $pr-3$ or $p \times r-3$
		pr - 2r = 3p + 5			M1 for isolating their two terms in $r$ on one side of an
		r(p-2) = 3p+5			equation to get $pr-2r$ or $2r-pr$
					M1 (dep on M1) for correctly factorising $r$ from ' $pr-2r$ '
					A1 for $\frac{3p+5}{p-2}$ or $\frac{-3p-5}{2-p}$ oe
17	(a)		y - f(x - 5)	1	B1 cao
	(b)		(4, 3)	2	B2 cao
					(B1 for one coord. correct (in correct position) or (3,4).)
18	(a)		1.5	3	B1 for tangent drawn at $t = 8$
					M1 for height ÷ base for a triangle with the tangent as
					hypotenuse
					A1 for 1.25 to 1.75
	(b)		156	3	M1 for attempting to find area under curve
					M1 for correct method to find the area under the curve
					between $t = 0$ and $t = 6$ (at least 3 areas)
					A1 for 150 – 160

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Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
19			1/16	4	M1 for $S \alpha \frac{1}{t^3}$ or $S = \frac{k}{t^3}$ M1 for $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{k}{4^3}$ oe or $S = \frac{32}{t^3}$ M1 $S = \frac{32}{8^3}$ oe A1 for $\frac{1}{16}$ oe
20		Gradient of N = 3 Gradient of perpendicular to line N = $-\frac{1}{3}$	$y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1$	3	M1 for complete method to find gradient of line N or for drawing a perpendicular line  M1 for method to find the gradient of a perpendicular line  A1 $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 1$ oe
21			p = 8, q = 10	3	M1 for finding the difference between the $x$ or $y$ coordinates eg $4-2$ (= 2) or $17-5$ (= 12)  M1 for a complete method to find the values of $p$ or $q$ A1 cao

## **National performance data from Results Plus**

	Origin	al source	of questi	ons				Mea	an score	of stude	nts achie	ving grad	de:
			Session			Max			•	,			_
Qn	Spec	Paper	YYMM	Qn	Topic	score	ALL	<b>A</b> *	Α	В	С	D	Е
1	5MM2	2F	1106	Q23	Bounds	4	0.38				1.43	0.35	0.16
2	1380	2H	1203	Q02	Mean, median, mode	2	0.71	1.74	1.32	0.89	0.45	0.14	0.07
3	1380	2H	1011	Q11	Distance-time / travel graphs	2	0.89	1.52	1.14	0.92	0.77	0.66	0.57
4	1MA0	2H	1406	Q15	Pythagoras in 2D	7	2.91	5.98	4.72	3.50	2.16	0.88	0.20
5	1MA0	1H	1611	Q22	Volume	4					anuary 20		
6	1MA0	1H	1611	Q26	Area	5					anuary 20		
7	1MA0	2H	1611	Q20	Bounds	3	Data to be added in January 2017						
8	1380	2H	911	Q11	Scatter diagrams	3	2.46	2.97	2.89	2.72	2.38	1.85	1.28
9	5AM1	1H	1306	Q21	Simultaneous equations	5	3.47	4.98	4.90	4.24	2.15	0.50	0.31
10	1MA0	2H	1611	Q22a	Exponential graphs	2		Dat	a to be a	dded in J	anuary 20	17	
11	5AM1	1H	1406	Q21	Conversions	5	2.45	4.22	3.52	2.50	1.42	0.70	0.06
12	1MA0	2H	1411	Q19	Probability tree diagrams	5	2.30	4.97	4.81	3.90	2.37	1.62	0.95
13	4MA0	1H	1405	Q18	Surds	3	1.29	2.21	1.06	0.45	0.16	0.05	0.01
14	1MA0	2H	1311	Q24	Volume	3	1.17	2.88	2.56	1.81	0.68	0.09	0.02
15	1MA0	2H	1611	Q24		4		Dat	a to be a	dded in J	anuary 20	17	
16	5MM2	2H	1211	Q26	Rearranging equations	4	0.93	3.84	2.06	0.61	0.15	0.00	0.00
17	1380	2H	1006	Q27	Transformation of functions	3	0.88	2.22	1.28	0.68	0.46	0.29	0.20
18	5AM2	2H	1306	Q18	Area under a curve	6	1.64	4.83	3.04	0.92	0.12	0.00	0.00
19	5MM2	2H	1411	Q19	Direct and indirect proportion	4	1.09	3.63	2.25	0.84	0.31	0.05	0.00
20	1MA0	2H	1506	Q17	Gradients	3	0.51	2.35	1.29	0.45	0.10	0.02	0.00
21	1MA0	2H	1506	Q12	Coordinates in 2D	3	0.41	1.84	0.84	0.32	0.15	0.11	0.08
						80							